## Fiscal Estimate - 2013 Session

Original Dydated	Corrected S	Supplemental			
LRB Number 13-3468/1	Introduction Number AB	-0632			
<b>Description</b> Retail liquor license quotas					
Fiscal Effect					
Appropriations  Decrease Existing Appropriations Reverse Appropriations Create New Appropriations  Local:  No Local Government Costs Indeterminate  1. Increase Costs Permissive Mandatory Permissive	Counties	gency's budget			
☐ Permissive ☐ Mandatory ☐ Perm		Districts			
Fund Sources Affected Affected Ch. 20 Appropriations  GPR FED PRO PRS SEG SEGS					
Agency/Prepared By	Authorized Signature	Date			
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## Fiscal Estimate Narratives DOR 2/5/2014

LRB Number 13-3468/1	Introduction Number	AB-0632	Estimate Type	Original
Description				
Retail liquor license quotas				

## **Assumptions Used in Arriving at Fiscal Estimate**

Under current law, municipalities may issue "Class B" intoxicating liquor licenses authorizing the retail sale of intoxicating liquor for consumption on the licensed premises and, subject to some restrictions, the retail sale for consumption off the retail premises. Current law imposes a quota on the number of "Class B" licenses that a municipality may issue. The quota is determined by a formula based on the number of licenses previously issued and the municipality's population.

This bill expands the number of "Class B" licenses by allowing a municipality to issue one additional "Class B" license, provided that the license holder meets the accessibility standards for public accommodations required by the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA). Moreover, the additional "Class B" license may only be issued if the municipality has already reached its quota and issues the license to an establishment that satisfies the ADA accessibility standards for new construction.

This bill has minimal impact on the Department of Revenue since liquor licensing is a municipal function. However, this bill may have fiscal and administrative impacts on municipalities due to the need to determine if there are any establishments in a municipality with a "Class B" license which satisfy federal accessibility standards. Under current law, the annual fee for a "Class B" license may not exceed \$500 and must be the same for all licenses. One additional "Class B" license fee would increase annual revenue by a maximum of \$500 in each municipality that grants an additional "Class B" license.

Long-Range Fiscal Implications